

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 02/12/2004

	-2			P - P	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/885,884	06/20/2001	Michael R. Thompson	PKR 2 0659 US	4522	
7:	7590 02/12/2004			EXAMINER	
FAY, SHARPE, FAGAN			SHAW, SHAWNA JEANNINE		
MINNICH & N	AcKEE, LLP				
Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1100 Superior Avenue			3737	2	
Cleveland OH 44114-2518				0	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summany	09/885,884	THOMPSON ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Shawna J. Shaw	3737					
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence addr ss					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11/17/03</u> .							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This a	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13 and 15-23</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13 and 15-23</u> is/are rejected.							
· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 October 2001</u> is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 2. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic since a specific reference was included in the firs 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic reference was included in the first sentence of the	s have been received. s have been received in Applicating documents have been received. I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). of the certified copies not received priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(at sentence of the specification of the certified copies and received priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1200	ion No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) r in an Application Data Sheet. ceived. and/or 121 since a specific					
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 7 	5) Notice of Informal F	v (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

Art Unit: 3737

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2, 9-11, 13 and 15-19 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 2. The indicated allowability of claims 3-8, 12, 15, 16, 18 and 20-23 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Loncar et al. (6,075,362), Ericcson et al. (5,869,023) and Rocklage et al. (5,190,744). Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/885,884

Art Unit: 3737

3. Claims 1-7, 9-11, 13 and 15-21, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Loncar et al. of record in view of Rocklage et al. of record or Ericcson et al.

Regarding claims 1-7, 9-11, 13 and 15-21, Loncar et al. teaches a method and apparatus for dual contrast magnetic resonance imaging to obtain at least two differently weighted sets of image data including at least one of a T₂ or T₂* image data (col. 1 lines 15-62), sorting and reconstructing the image data to generate first and second interleaved image representations (col. 1 line 66 - col. 2 line 18) and correcting/quantifying the image representations with respect to one another (by addition, subtraction, etc.) on a pixel by pixel basis (col. 5 lines 47-53) to create a third, combined, image. Moreover, Loncar et al. discloses wherein the imaging sequence may be any one of fast spin echo, echo planar imaging, etc. (col. 4 lines 19-23). See also figure 1. Loncar et al. differs from the claimed invention in that administration of a contrast agent is not explicitly addressed. Rocklage et al. teaches a dual-contrast method including administering (e.g., injecting) a paramagnetic contrast agent, such as a gadolinium chelate, (having T₁, T₂, and T₂* altering capabilities) to more quickly pinpoint and quantify variations in the T_2 or T_2 * weighted images (col. 1 lines 34-54, col. 3 line 63 – col. 4 line 8, col. 6 lines 52-68, col. 7 lines 1-22). Ericcson et al. teaches dual-contrast echo planar imaging involving administration of both a positive and negative contrast agent (col. 5 lines 10-37 and 60-64). It would have therefore been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person of ordinary skill in the art to administer a contrast agent having dual contrast capabilities as taught by Rocklage et

Application/Control Number: 09/885,884

Art Unit: 3737

al. or Ericcson et al. in the invention as taught by Loncar et al. to further enhance the image-ability of T_2 or T_2 * weighted image data and to more controllably quantify the differences in contrast.

4. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Loncar et al. of record in view of Rocklage et al. or Ericcson et al. of record and further in view of Foxall.

Regarding claim 8, Loncar et al. and Rocklage et al. differ from the claimed invention in that conjugate symmetry is not addressed explicitly. In the same field of endeavor, Foxall teaches it is well known to use conjugate symmetry to augment EPI data (col. 6 lines 42-59). It would have therefore been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ conjugate symmetry to enable faster image acquisition.

5. Claims 12, 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Loncar et al. of record in view of Rocklage et al. of record or Ericcson et al. as applied to claims 1 and 19 above and further in view of Wang.

Regarding claims 12, 22 and 23, Loncar et al. and Rocklage et al. differ from the claimed invention in that partial parallel imaging is not explicitly addressed. Wang provides the general teaching of partial parallel acquisition using a plurality of coils (see figure 1) to improve image quality of echo planar images. See col. 1 lines 27-32 and col. 3 lines 51-67. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use a partial parallel acquisition technique employing a plurality of coils as taught by Wang in the invention as taught by Loncar et al. in view

Application/Control Number: 09/885,884

Art Unit: 3737

of Rocklage or Ericcson et al. to improve image quality as well as to effectively track perfusion.

Conclusion

Page 5

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shawna J. Shaw whose telephone number is (703) 308-2985. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dennis Ruhl can be reached on (703) 308-2262. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3590.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

Shawna J. Shaw Primary Examiner

2/5/04